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President Vice Pres. and Gen. Manager Secretary.

TELE. 447.

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Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Ladders and
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Paints for Every Purpose.
In any Quantity.

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JOHN L. WHITING'S BRUSHES.

The STANDARD.

And all other Manufacturers try to imitate.



STRICTLY PURE LEAD OIL

It is economy to Paint these hard times.
If you want to sell your house Paint It.
If you want to rent a house Paint It.
If you live in it be sure and Paint It.
Paint It and preserve it from decay.



FRENCH TISSUE PAPER!
THE LARGEST LINE IN THE CITY.
ALL CHINA AND ART MATERIAL
COMPLETE NEWS DEPARTMENT.
Washburn, Druggist,
220 KANSAS AVE.

Time is worth everything. Delays are dangerous. No one can afford to run the risk of allowing a enough to develop into pneumonia which is nearly always fatal. Cuban Cough Cure is the only remedy that can be relied on to give quick relief and cure the cold.

Sold by **Hawley Bros.**
Cambridge, Mass., June 21, 1890.
Norman Litho Mfg Co., Des Moines, Ia.
Dear Sirs—Enclosed please find an order for 50, for which send me as many Krause's Headache Capsules as will pay for. They are very good indeed, but can not get any in Boston. Yours very truly,
Asa R. SHEPHERD,
123 Norfolk St.

Silver Statue.

We mend our customers laundry free of charge. Peerless Steam Laundry, 112 and 114 West Eighth.

An honest Confession.

If we were asked the reason why "Viavi" performs such wonderful cures, we would be honest, and say, "We don't know." Ask a scientist, why an apple invariably falls downward, and he would say it was due to the law of gravitation.

That is about all he could tell you. It is no more natural for bodies to gravitate toward the center of the earth than it is for "Viavi" to cure the diseases peculiar to women. It is not a drug, but a food, which nourishes and strengthens the infected parts, thereby enabling nature to throw off the disease. Our Health Book sent free.

KANSAS VIAVI CO., Topeka, Kas.

MARKET FOR WESTERN OIL

Pipe Line, Platte and Missouri Rivers to Council, Wyoming and St. Louis.

CHIYANE, Wyo., March 23.—The development of the oil fields of central Wyoming has been greatly impeded because of the inability to secure reasonable freight rates for transporting the oil to market. This difficulty is about to be overcome. A company composed mostly of St. Louis capitalists has been organized to lay a pipe line from oil from the salt creek wells through Ogallala Junction to Fort Laramie.

From this point, it is proposed to ship the oil in barges down the Platte and Missouri rivers to St. Louis, where it will be refined and put on the market. It is believed that the Pennsylvania Oil company is behind the project.

HEAVY GUNS A WASTE.

Chairman Cummings' Belief in Small Ordnance for the Navy.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Chairman Cummings of the house committee on naval affairs, is not so believer in huge guns for naval purposes, such as were recently tested at Indian Head.

"It was established at the Indian Head trials that a 10-inch gun is sufficiently effective to demolish any plate made," said he. "That being so, there is no need of getting any more effectiveness. All beyond the 10-inch gun is waste."

TO RESTORE SUGAR BOUNTY

Senator Hays' Amendment to Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Senator Hays of North Dakota, is preparing an amendment which he will offer to the tariff bill restoring the present bounty on sugar, and putting duty of six per cent ad valorem on refined sugar. He thinks it will receive the support of all Republicans, the Populists and the two Louisiana senators which would carry in the senate by a majority of one vote.

TO-DAY'S MARKET REPORT.

[No grain markets today on account of Good Friday.]

Cheese Market.

CATTLE—Receipts, 7,000. Market slow, no improvement. Prime to extra steers, \$4.00-\$4.10; fair to good steers, \$3.50-\$3.60; others, \$3.00-\$3.15.

BEEF—Receipts, 21,000. Market active unchanged. Round, and heavy, \$4.00-\$4.25; packers and mixed, \$4.30-\$4.65; prime heavy and choice weights, \$4.70-\$4.75; assort'd light, \$4.10-\$4.25.

SAUSAGES AND LAMBS—Receipts, 7,000. Market active, higher. Top shanks for export, \$4.00-\$4.15; top lambs, \$4.25-\$4.50.

Kansas City Market.

CATTLE—Receipts, 3,400. Shipments, 1,800. Market slow and steady. Texas steers, \$2.80-\$3.00; shipping steers, \$2.75-\$2.85; Texas and native cows, \$1.40-\$2.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.70-\$3.00; bulls, \$2.10-\$2.65.

BEEF—Receipts, 8,000. Shipments, 2,400. Market steady 5 cents higher. Bulk of sales, \$4.30-\$4.40; heavier packers and mixed, \$4.35-\$4.40; lighter, Yorks and up, \$4.20-\$4.30.

SHEEP—Receipts, 3,400. Shipments, none. Market slow and unchanged.

Silver Statute.

IT IS VERY SPEEDY.

Mr. Holman Says This Congress Has a Great Record

For Getting Through With Business Rapidly.

MAYBE IT IS TRUE

But a Great Many People Doubt It.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—[Special.]—"This congress," says Judge Holman, "is making an exceptionally good record for promptness and speed, and its critics are making quite as much noise as is usual at about this stage. It is always the way. Each new congress scarcely gets its committees organized and at work before there is a great outcry that it is a do-nothing congress and ignores the needs and wishes of the people."

Whether the public is to believe this must depend on their judgment of what is done. But congress has quite a number of interesting questions before it, among them these: Does the Wilson bill as it passed the house abrogate the reciprocity treaties, and, if so, how much, and what are we to do about it? Shall the constitution be changed so as to give the president power to veto a single item in an appropriation bill? Shall the civil service law and the whole business be abolished outright, as provided for in the bill introduced by Mr. Anderson of West Virginia or shall it be extensively moderated, as in the bill by Mr. Wheeler of Alabama? Shall we have free ships, taxation of all kinds of money, an income tax and so on? And these are but a few of the pending conundrums.

A Curious Complication.

Several members of the committee have given it as their opinion that both the Anderson bill and the Wheeler bill will be rejected and that civil service reform comes to stay. The Wheeler bill would give the appointing power to heads of departments, presidents and secretaries, as of old, but with the proviso that the appointees must pass a civil service examination before they can qualify. In short, it would put them on about the same footing as appointments to West Point and the Naval academy, and if either bill secures favor in the house it will be this one.

A rather curious complication on the matter of imported cattle has been developed, and several Texans are urging the senate to consider their interests. A bill introduced by Hon. T. M. Pascual of the Twelfth Texas district and passed by both houses provided that cattle might be taken into Mexico for grazing purposes and brought back free of duty, this privilege being contingent on the passage of a like measure by Mexico, which country places both an export and an import duty on cattle, ranging from 75 cents to \$1 per head. Assurances were given from the Mexican capital that such a bill would be promptly passed, but it has not been done.

The Pascual bill limited its own operations to one year, and the special cause of its introduction was the drought prevalent for the last two years in all Western states. It now appears, however, that it has long been the custom to allow cattle to range in Mexico, and the bill has been referred to the judiciary committee, which recommended the bill as it stands, and at Eagle Pass it is said that about 25,000 head have been exported and imported within the last five years. Was there any law for this, or was it only pursuant to a treasury ruling? The senators who have examined it declare there is no such law, and therefore the Pascual bill has been tacked on as an amendment to the Wilson bill, and if adopted it will make the privilege permanent.

A Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and the general deficiency bill are the only ones still remaining in the appropriations committee, and both will be completed and in the house early in April. The hearings on the first have long been completed and on the second are still in progress. Oil neither do the estimates show any important change from previous years. It is estimated that by the close of the present month about 900 private pension bills will have been introduced during this session, and that certainly not more than 30 of them will have received favorable action. Nor is it believed that more than one in twenty of such bills will ever be passed by this congress.

The sentiment in favor of the resolution for amending the constitution as to give the president the special veto power above indicated is quite strong in both houses, and at least the men who favor it are the ones who do the talking. It is quietly hinted, however, by the opposition that a good deal of this talk is for effect, it being the understanding that while many seem to favor the resolution very few really do, and that congress is at heart opposed to having its powers curtailed any further in that direction.

A Good Showing.

Another measure which is being urged with some force is that providing for a permanent census bureau. It is now conceded that the year 1890 will probably be before the last work is done on the census, and that it will only wait a few days past that time to have the completed official statement of manufactured goods, with the summary showing that in the decade 1880-90 manufacturers increased 94 per cent in their output, while the increase for the whole country was but 69 per cent. The south being included in making the final average, it would appear that the increase for that section is almost exactly twice that for the north.

Looking forward to some leisure on the part of senators during the long debate on the tariff, the promoters of the Sherman bill are preparing for a general move in favor of the bills which provide for a reorganization of the old company. The first of these—Senate bill 428—was introduced by Mr. Frye last August and is entitled "An act to amend the act which was approved Feb. 20, 1883." The second was brought in late in January, and the summary of the two bills is that the cause company is to be incorporated with 1,000,000 shares at \$100 each, the United States to guarantee bonds and interest, and in case it fails to pay them to take the company's property. It is rather remarkable that the general public pays so little attention to this measure and its promoters a general apathy which is only equalled by indifference which by opposition. However, they are not confident not only in getting the bills and completing the reorganization, but of building the canal early within the specified time.

RATES FOR G. A. R.

Low Figures for the Encampment at Pittsburg This Fall.

PITTSBURG, March 23.—The citizens of the 28th national encampment, G. A. R., which meets here next September, has issued a circular informing G. A. R. members that hotel rates with a three days limit can be secured from \$1.50 to \$8 per day, lodging from 50 cents to \$1 per night, and railroad rates from 25 cents to 50 cents for the round trip to Pittsburg.

To avoid delay and annoyance, satchels should be used for baggage. Free quarters will be furnished in school houses and other buildings on application.

Silver Statute.

MORE ARCTIC EXPLORERS.

Three Parties to Leave St. John, Newfoundland, This Summer.

St. JOHN, N. F., March 23.—Preparations are already being made here for three Arctic explorations this summer, one consisting of three or four persons, probably under the leadership of Prof. Holbrook of Philadelphia. They will go to Bowerbank Bay in West Greenland in the steamer Falcon and will bring back Lieutenant Pooley and the party who went with him to the Arctic regions.

During the winter another expedition under Mr. Stern, consisting of eight persons, propose going to Smith's Sound, also in the northern latitudes to conduct geological investigations. They will remain three years. Three of this party are Norwegians. One of its objects is to find the Swedish explorers, Björn and Walström, who went north in 1892 on the schooner Ripple and were supposed to be lost as the vessel had not found its way.

The third expedition proposed will be the largest in many years. The American consul has signed already for a steamer to take a party of sixteen scientist north to a place on Lady Franklin bay. The expedition is under the auspices of the American government and an appropriation by congress is awaited before completing the arrangements.

The purposes of the expedition are geographical, geological and meteorological investigation. The party will remain north four years. A steamer is likely to visit them with fresh supplies two years after starting.

POWDER WORKS EXPLODE

Four Persons Killed Near Pittsburgh and Whole Community Terrorized.

PITTSBURG, March 23.—The dynamite works of the Acme Powder company at Black Run, a mile and a half above Butler, on the Allegheny railroad, were destroyed by an explosion at 7 o'clock. Four persons were killed and one badly injured.

The works were blown to pieces, and buildings in the vicinity of the works wrecked, windows broken and the people within a mile of the works terrified. Of those killed two were men and two women. The names of the dead are:

MOLLIE REMALEY.
SADE REMALEY.
WM. L. ARTHUR.
SAMUEL REMALEY.

Mrs. WM. Arthur was badly injured.

CANT STAND UNCERTAINTY

The London Times Severely Blames the Democratic Party.

LONDON, March 23.—The Times today prints a leading editorial on American politics. The particular occasion for the review is a dispatch from the Times correspondent at Philadelphia during which the latter says:

"The wave of enthusiasm which swept President Cleveland has ebbed so fast owing to universal revulsion of smugness against the incompetence and mismanagement of the Democratic leaders, that were elections to occur now, the Republicans would gain a signal victory. President Cleveland is less blamable than the victim of circumstances beyond his control."

In the course of the editorial referred to the Times says:

"If the Americans have reason to apprehend a worse state of affairs from the continuance of the Democrats in power than they have experienced under the Republicans, the situation must be gloomy indeed."

"We think, however, that it is rather the intolerance and deplorable vacillation of the Democrats in dealing with the tariff and similar questions than the belief that the Republicans would do better than before. Americans know how to accept a dead loss and to start afresh. What they cannot tolerate is the prevalence of the uncertainty which obstructs the revival of trade."

A PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and the general deficiency bill are the only ones still remaining in the appropriations committee, and both will be completed and in the house early in April.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 23.—Holy week festivities began Sunday, and have been taking place almost continuously every day. Holy Thursday the churches celebrated solemn high mass. Visitors witnessed a brilliant sight, the chapels being full of the elite of society, doing penance and bearing lighted candles.

Bells of the churches stop ringing at 10 o'clock and will remain silent until the same hour Saturday. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon occurred the washing of the feet of twelve old and decrepit beggars, as typical of the washing of the feet of the twelve apostles by Christ.

At night the most brilliant event of the year was had in the churches. The altars of the scores of sanctuaries blazed with thousands of lights, and by a time honored custom nearly every one paid a visit to at least seven different churches.

Today occurs the famous passion play, by the Indians at Tacubaya.

GOV. TILLMAN'S WHISKY

Case Will Be Heard in United States Supreme Court April 9.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Gov. Tillman's action against Commissioner of Patents Seymour to compel the registry of the trade-mark "Palmetto" on South Carolina's dispensary liquor will be given a hearing in the United States supreme court on April 9, unless an agreement is made by the counsel to fix the second of the month as the date. The commissioner's counsel will file a motion to dismiss the appeal from the court of appeals for want of jurisdiction.

In their arguments on the motion they will allege that the matter in dispute is exclusive of courts does not exceed \$5,000, as required by the law. It will also be urged in support of the motion, that no question was presented in the cause involving the validity of a patent, copyright, treaty, statute, or authority exercised under the United States as required by law.

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